



Vacuum-Bag Lumber Kiln on a Concrete Pad Using Wood Fired Boiler Water Heat

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<https://globalmicroturbine.com/vacuum-bag-kiln-energy-wood-boiler-by-global-energy.html>

Trade the steel pressure vessel for a concrete pad. A flat, reinforced pad and a vacuum bag can dry lumber by the same physics as a commercial vacuum kiln — draw down the pressure, drop the boiling point of water, and pull moisture out at 140 F instead of 200 F. We ran the numbers for a 5,000 board-foot charge using USDA Forest Products Laboratory data as the baseline: 3,363 kWh of heating energy, a 101.5 kW peak load on the resistance blankets, a 10 hp vacuum pump, and a 110 kW connected service — all to dry a charge in 58 hours instead of 12 days.



This webpage QR code

PDF Version of the webpage (maximum 10 pages)

Electrical Savings per Year Using Wood Boiler for Heat Source

Running back-to-back with no turnaround loss, the kiln completes 151 charges a year (58-hr cycles, 8,760 hrs/yr) — about 755,000 board feet.

Electric resistance design: 530,886 kWh/yr → \$58,397/yr at \$0.11/kWh.

Wood-fired hot water design (pumps + controls only): 43,785 kWh/yr → \$4,816/yr.

Annual electrical savings: 487,101 kWh, or \$53,581/yr (92% less grid electricity).

That comes at the cost of about 95 cords/yr of wood fuel. If that wood isn't actually free and you priced it at \$200/cord (\$19,030/yr), the wood-fired design still comes out \$34,551/yr ahead of the electric design (59% total cost savings) — the boiler fuel is just cheaper per delivered BTU than grid electricity even when it isn't free.
